1. Consider the following lattice model used to model graphene:

$$
\hat{H}=-t \sum_{<i, j>} \hat{c}_{i}^{\dagger} \hat{c}_{j}
$$

$<i, j>$ means that only nearest neighbours are summed over on the hexagonal lattice.
(a) What Bravais lattice does Graphene has, show there are two atoms in a unit cell which we can label $A$ and $B$, and find a possible unit cell.
(b) Write the Hamiltonian as a sum over every $A$ site and a sum over the connections to the neighbours. What are the lattice vectors to the neighbouring sites?
(c) Solve the system by Fourier transform and find the energies, plot the band structure.
(d) For a periodic nanoribbon with zig-zag edges Fourier transform along the periodic direction and find the Hamiltonians as a function of this momenta.

